

IN THE CLAIMS:

1. (Previously presented) A method for accessing memory in a multiprocessor system, comprising:
 - from a requesting processor, issuing a request for data to one or more other processors and memory, each copy of the data being associated with a state information indicating whether the copy is valid or not;
 - in each of the processors and memory that receive the request, checking to determine whether a valid copy of the data exists; and
 - returning the valid copy of the requested data from one of the other processors or memory such that only the processor or memory having the valid copy of the data responds to the request.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1 in which:
 - each of the processors communicates with the memory via a memory controller and each of the processors has a point-to-point link with the memory controller for issuing a request for a block of data to the memory controller.
3. (Original) The method of claim 2 in which:
 - each point-to-point link includes two dedicated and unidirectional links.
4. (Original) The method of claim 2 in which the point-to-point links are control links for sending and receiving requests for blocks of data.

5. (Original) The method of claim 2 in which the point-to-point links are control links for sending and receiving requests for blocks of data.

6. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1 in which the processors and shared memory that have an invalid copy of the requested data drop the request without responding.

7. (Original) The method of claim 1 including:
tracking an identification of a processor that currently has a data block; and
in response to a cache miss in a requesting processor, using the identification to specifically target a read request to the processor that currently has the requested data block.

8. (Original) The method of claim 1 including:
maintaining a directory indicating the one or more processors that have a copy of a block of data;
when the block of data is modified, using the directory to issue a write invalidation or write update only to the processors that have the copy of the block of data.

9. (Previously presented) A multiprocessor system comprising:
two or more processors, each in communication with a shared memory via a memory controller;
the processors in communication with the memory controller for issuing a request for data, each of the processors and the shared memory being capable of storing a copy of the requested data, and each copy of the requested data being associated with state indicating whether the copy is valid or invalid,

each of the processors and the shared memory being responsive to a request to check itself for a valid copy of a requested data such that only the processor or the shared memory having the valid copy responds to the request for the requested data.

10. (Original) The system of claim 9 in which:

each of the processors communicates with the memory via a memory controller and each of the processors has a point-to-point link with the memory controller for issuing a request for a block of data to the memory controller.

11. (Original) The system of claim 10 in which:

each point-to-point link includes two dedicated and unidirectional links.

12. (Original) The system of claim 10 in which the point-to-point links are control links for sending and receiving requests for blocks of data.

13. (Original) The system of claim 10 in which each of the processors has a control path point-to-point link for sending and receiving requests for blocks of data, and a data path point-to-point link for sending and receiving blocks of data.

14. (Original) The system of claim 9 including:

a directory indicating which processors have a copy of a data block;
wherein the processors are in communication with the directory to identify which other processors have a copy of the data block, and directing requests for the data block only to processors that have a copy of the data block.

15. (Original) The system of claim 14 wherein the directory is incorporated into the data block.

16. (Original) The system of claim 14 wherein the directory is stored in a separate memory that filters a request and forwards the request only to a processor or processors that have a copy of the data block.

17. (Original) The system of claim 14 wherein the memory controller is in communication with a shared cache, separate from caches of the processors, for buffering most frequently accessed data blocks.

18. (Original) The system of claim 9 wherein each block has state information indicating which processor currently has a valid copy of a data block, and wherein the processors utilize the state information to specially address a processor having the valid copy in response to a cache miss in a requesting processor.

19. (Previously presented) A multiprocessor system comprising:
two or more processors, each in communication with a shared memory;
the processors in communication with the shared memory for issuing a request for data, each of the processors and the shared memory being capable of storing a copy of the requested data, and each copy of the requested data being associated with state indicating whether the copy is valid or invalid,

each of the processors and the shared memory being responsive to a request to check itself for a valid copy of a requested data such that only the processor or shared memory having the valid copy responds to the request for the requested data.

20. (Original) The system of claim 19 wherein each of the processors and the shared memory is in communication with a control path interconnect, and each of the processors is in communication with the control path interconnect via a point-to-point link for receiving and sending requests for blocks of data;

each of the processors having a corresponding request queue connecting the point-to-point link of the processor to the control path interconnect, and each of the processors having a corresponding snoop queue connecting the point-to-point link of the processor to the control path interconnect;

the request queue in communication with a corresponding processor for buffering requests for blocks of data by the processor and issuing the requests to other processors via the control path interconnect; and

the snoop queue in communication with a corresponding processor for buffering requests for blocks of data destined for the processor.

21. (Previously presented) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of returning the valid copy of the requested data comprises returning the valid copy asynchronously.

22. (Previously presented) The system of claim 9, wherein the processor or the shared memory responding to the request is configured to respond to the request asynchronously.

23. (Previously presented) The system of claim 19, wherein the processor or the shared memory responding to the request is configured to respond to the request asynchronously.